

Fair and warmer tonight
and tomorrow.

The Washington Times

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PRICE ONE CENT.

WOMAN KILLED IN HOSPITAL WITH A SHEET

Young Brooklyn Wife
Found Under Her
Cot Strangled to
Death.

Patient Had Been An-
noying to Several
Other Persons
in the Ward.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Mrs. Margaret McCue, young Brooklyn matron, was found strangled to death today under her cot in the Kings County Hospital. A sheet was tightly wound around her neck several times and indicated that much strength had been used in effecting her death.

Detectives who were sent to the hospital by the coroner, declare the young woman had been murdered and mentioned the fact that two nurses were in the room frequently and intimated a belief that another patient might be implicated.

The hospital authorities issued a statement to the effect that Mrs. McCue probably had killed herself rolling off her cot while the sheet became entangled about her neck. Mrs. McCue was in a straight jacket, she having become violently insane Thursday, and the detectives believed that for that reason alone it would have been impossible for her to roll a sheet up into a rope and then wrap it about her neck in such a manner as to strangle herself.

Attempted Suicide.

Mrs. McCue became a raving maniac at her home at 11 Flushing avenue, two days ago, and tried to hurl herself from a window. She was transferred to the observation ward at the Kings County Hospital by the police and it had been planned she would be permanently transferred to the Kings Park Hospital for the insane.

She was so violent that she was placed in a straight jacket, with her arms held down to her sides with straps and canvas bandages. The doctors had reached the conclusion last night that Mrs. McCue was hopelessly insane. When the doctors informed the coroner by telephone of the death of Mrs. McCue, they said it was an accident, and that there was no other way in which she could have met her death. On being questioned further, they admitted that two nurses had been in the room at the time Mrs. McCue fell from her cot. They still persisted that the woman had wound the sheet about her own neck, and the coroner ordered the body sent to the morgue for an autopsy, and asked the police to investigate.

Had Been Annoying.

The police learned that the woman had been placed in a ward where several other persons were under observation, and that she had annoyed them greatly by her continued hysterics, in which she would scream and yell almost constantly. It was said that she greatly disturbed the sleep of the patients whose condition was not as hopeless as her own, and the detectives intimated that this might have provided a motive in the mind of some other patient.

After a superficial investigation, the police and the coroner agreed that Mrs. McCue did not kill herself through accident or design, but that she had been murdered by some one else. When the detectives reached the hospital the two nurses who were said to have been in the ward at the time Mrs. McCue was killed had gone off duty. But neither of them had gone to their rooms in the hospital, and an investigation showed that they had left the place.

Detectives were sent out to find them, and bring them before the coroner to make a statement.

KILLED AT OWN DOOR; NIGHT RIDERS BLAMED

CARLEISLE, Ky., March 21.—Hiram Hedges was shot and killed by night riders at the door of his home near here last night. A band of about fifty men stopped at his house and called him out. He stepped out and was shot, and then started to flee. The band riddled him, then rode away.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The weather has cleared in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, and the temperature has fallen to the freezing point in North Carolina, Virginia, and Tennessee. Light to killing frost is reported from the northern portion of the East Gulf States and North Carolina; elsewhere no changes of importance have occurred.

A depression that is now central over North Dakota will probably cause increasing cloudiness in the lower lake region and the Ohio valley Sunday, possibly with rain and higher temperatures. In other sections the weather will be higher temperature is indicated.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have fresh northwesterly winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

TEMPERATURE.
3 a. m. 30
12 m. 37
1 p. m. 39
2 p. m. 43

SUN TABLE.
Sun rises 6:10
Sun sets 6:12

TIDE TABLE.
High water today 10:49 p. m.
Low water today 4:33 p. m.
High water tomorrow 10:48 a. m.
Low water tomorrow 4:32 a. m.

Labor Plans Fight on Taft; Mass Meetings to Be Held Over Country Same Days

Call Determined Upon by Conference of Leaders
Representing Three Million Men—Unions Urged
to Name Own Candidates if Necessary.

Unanimous opposition to Secretary Taft, the defeat of every candidate not friendly to organized labor, and the placing of its own candidates in the field is understood to be the salient features of a call to be issued by the American Federation of Labor here today, directing that a monster mass meeting be held by union men all over the United States on the third Sunday and third Monday in April.

The definite stand taken by labor with regard to the approaching campaign was decided upon by the convention, just closed here, which was attended by national and international presidents of unions comprising over three million men. Following the formal protest laid before Congress by the grievance committee, objecting to recent Supreme Court decisions, another committee was named before adjournment yesterday to issue a call and outline the plan of the

unions to event the requested legislation is not forthcoming.

Prepare Call for Meeting.

The call is now being prepared at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor. It is planned at these mass meetings, it is authoritatively stated, to have the various local, State, and National federations go on record with regard to candidates of their respective sections and where candidates are found of either party known to be inimical to labor, every effort is to be used to defeat him.

Should all regular candidates be opposed to labor action, labor is to put out its own candidate and to secure all pledges possible to bring about the defeat of every legislator whose record does not appear favorable to the unions.

A committee composed of President Gompers, Vice President O'Connell, and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, has been delegated to raise the funds for the carrying out of the plans.

On Record Against Taft.

President Gompers has declined to make public the contents of the call, other than to state that it would ask for the carrying out of the plans formulated by the labor convention which met here this week. The convention is understood to have gone on record as being opposed to the Secretary of War for President, and in favor of making the most stubborn fight in the history of organized labor to bring about the defeat of every legislator whose record does not appear favorable to the unions.

Disappointed at Capitol.

Although the reception of the grievance committee, which waited on Vice President Fairbanks and Speaker Cannon to demand the enactment of labor legislation, was said to be more cordial than that accorded a similar committee two years ago, members of the committee did not appear to be assured that their demands would be complied with.

In fact, they would say nothing regarding their expectation except that they were disappointed by the Speaker and Vice President had been "courteous."

Corporation Counsel E. H. Thomas today submitted to the Commissioners an opinion, in which he holds that any action taken by them to raid the bookmakers at the coming racing meet at Benning will be null and void. He is of the opinion also that the police, acting under such orders, would not be supported by the state.

Commissioners West and Morrow recommended that the opinion of the corporation counsel be accepted. Commissioner Macfarland, however, takes a different view of the situation.

The corporation counsel holds that while the bookmakers themselves may not be interested in the law applying to gambling may in some way be shown to affect the stewards and officials of the Jockey Club. Commissioner West has recommended that the statutes be further examined on this point and that other report made to the Board of Commissioners.

Hummel did not leave there until midnight and he was then driven directly to the Cunard line pier, where he boarded the Lusitania. He went to bed at once.

Men About Town Give Feast.

Although Hummel spent a gay night last night in Manhattan, no one was at the sailing of the Lusitania to see him off and none sent flowers or notes of confidence. At 7 o'clock last night he sat down to a wine dinner with about a dozen other men who had been as well known along Broadway, and as first nighters as was Hummel. The spread was in the nature of a farewell dinner to Hummel and was in an out-of-the-way restaurant on the west side, where there was no intrusion. There was much drinking and merrymaking. One rumor also had it that there were several women dancers to enliven the feast.

Hummel did not leave there until midnight and he was then driven directly to the Cunard line pier, where he boarded the Lusitania. He went to bed at once.

Before the ship sailed today Hummel was up and made complaint, which indicates that his mind is burdened with much bitterness. He said:

"This is a merry case of the underdog, and I am the dog. It is a case of jumping on the fellow that gets the worst of the deal. I got mine, and am still getting it. I have been mighty good to the newspapers in this town, furnishing them with more good stories than all the other lawyers put together, and what do I get? Do you see what they say about me? Their treatment is outrageous."

"But I am done with them. I ask no odds of anybody, and when I come back I will show them that I can get along. I got a raw deal all the way through. They made me the goat from the start, and I had to stand for it."

Won't Stay Down.

"I have done my bit now, and I propose to show some people that they can't keep Abe Hummel down forever."

When reporters sent cards and notes to Hummel he refused to reply. Able Kieffer, who did not spend the night on the ship, volunteered to speak in a way that is impossible, was the startling statement made by General Kieffer, former Speaker of the House, on the further expenditure of large sums to fortify the Philippines, at least until a definite policy had been decided upon.

"Fortify Pearl Harbor, or some other point in the Hawaiian Islands; make it as strong as Gibraltar; keep one or two battleships there, and the fleet of no nation, no matter how defenseless the Pacific slope, will dare attack it," declared the general.

Kieffer explained such a policy would make unnecessary a larger navy.

A Times classified ad. will shorten your search for a buyer, a seller, a trader, a teacher, a clerk, a typewriter or a job!

ANARCHY'S HIT BY GOVERNMENT; PAPER BARRED

Sensational Italian Journal
Deprived of Use of
Mails by Postmaster
General.

Congress to Be Asked for
Law Relieving Country
of Anarchistic Pub-
lications.

A new crusade against anarchy has been begun by the Government. La Question Sociale, an anarchistic Italian newspaper published in Paterson, N. J., was today barred from the United States mails by order of the Postmaster General, under authority conferred upon him by the postal regulations, relative to immoral matter.

Black's law dictionary defines "immoral" as "contrary to good morals; inconsistent with the rules and principles of morality which regard men as living in a community, and which are necessary for the public welfare, order, and decency."

The anarchist sheet against which this action is taken by many is thought to have been directly responsible for the murder of Father Leo by a Black Hand fanatic in Denver several weeks ago, through the publication of lurid denunciations of the Government and advocacy of assassination and arson.

Fight on Such Literature.

A vigorous campaign will be inaugurated immediately to stop the circulation of inflammatory and seditious literature of this character. Following closely on the circular issued by Secretary of Commerce and Labor Strauss, relative to the deportation of anarchists from the United States, this latest move against the Reds may be taken as a significant indication of a fairly vigorous campaign on the part of the Government for Black Hand and other anarchistic outrages, and the second step toward a new policy of rigor and repression.

Postmaster General Meyer today said: "Excessively inflammatory utterances in recent issues of La Question Sociale were brought to my attention by Third Assistant Postmaster General Lawshe. The particular issue which I had translated from Italian advocated robbery of United States armories, seizure of guns and ammunition, purchase of dynamite, and, by murder of police and soldiery, and firing of cities, the overthrow of government."

Influence Ignorant.

"The fulminations of such publications as this are distinctly 'contrary to good order and public welfare.' Such periodicals keep alive and foster seeds of sedition by influencing the ignorant and stirring up discontent and treason."

"The department has information that La Question Sociale does not comply with the statutes which authorize the sending of newspapers through the mail at the second class rate. The particular issue which I had translated from Italian advocated robbery of United States armories, seizure of guns and ammunition, purchase of dynamite, and, by murder of police and soldiery, and firing of cities, the overthrow of government."

Heretofore no action has apparently been taken by the Postmaster General to effectually debar anarchistic publications of this character from the United States mails. No Postmaster General has heretofore cared to assume the responsibility of such a step.

Officials Powerless.

Although postoffice officials were cognizant that the United States Government was unwittingly aiding in the spread of anarchistic propaganda by circulation of their periodicals and pamphlets, and in this way virtually assisting the cause, they have been powerless until Postmaster General Meyer delved into the matter with his customary energy and found the means.

La Question Sociale is printed in Italian, and probably the foremost anarchistic organ in the country—certainly the most boldly denunciatory. It is credited with 30,000 circulation, going to every State in the United States, and is issued from Paterson, N. J., the great hotbed of anarchy in the United States.

Debarment from the second-class privilege practically means that La Question Sociale will be forced to discontinue publication as the cost of sending out 30,000 under a third-class rate would be prohibitive.

Paper Threatens President.

It is understood that there is another paper of somewhat similar character published in Kansas, which is now being closely scrutinized by postoffice officials. This sheet is published in English, and the feature to which particular objection is made is the campaign which the publishers are inaugurating in which they use as a slogan, "We must undermine the army." This publication has violently attacked the President and his administration with veiled words threatened his life.

In all likelihood Congress will be asked for a new law by which anarchistic publications may, in the future, be regulated. The present postal law prevent the sending of "immoral" matter on the outside of the prison court yard to Italy. Present indications indicate that the wedding, if one takes place, will be held shortly after the Lenten season.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 21.—General Stoessel has begun serving the ten years' term to which the death sentence for surrendering Port Arthur was commuted by the czar.

His quarters in the fortress of St. Peter and Paul is tolerably comfortable and his confinement is not to be rigorous. He is permitted to provide his own food, exercise in the prison court yard, receive visitors under mild regulations, and receives the best medical care.

His health is exceedingly poor and his physicians say they do not think he can survive a long term of imprisonment. He is said to have received the czar's assurance that he will be pardoned after a few months. His majesty is known to feel that Stoessel was made the scapegoat of the Port Arthur affair.

Arrangements have not yet been made for the duel in the prison court yard to which Admiral Nebogatoff, also a prisoner in the fortress, has challenged Stoessel for his attacks on the former during the general's court-martial. It is believed the meeting will take place as soon as Stoessel is stronger.

General Smirnov is better and it is now believed he will recover, though the physicians have not yet succeeded in removing the bullet lodged in his abdomen in his duel with General Fock.

W. E. Corey Leases Castle And Thousand Irish Acres; Wife Succeeds Chorus Girl



MABELLE GILMAN COREY,
Who Succeeds Actress as Mistress of
the Castle.

LORD DE CLIFFORD,
Who Resigns Her House to Corey's
Wife.

LORD DE CLIFFORD,
Who Was Forced to Lease His Irish
Estate.

LORD DE CLIFFORD,
Who Was Forced to Lease His Irish
Estate.

ABRUZZI SAILS; HIS SMILE BROAD

Says Silence of Elkins Family
Has Been Mis-
construed.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Looking the part of the happy accepted suitor, the Duke of Abruzzi, who, report has it, is to marry Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator Elkins, smiled a happy farewell to the United States today when he sailed for Liverpool on the Cunarder Lusitania. He did not say when he may return, but his demeanor indicated he hopes to be back soon and that he then expects to claim a bride.

The Lusitania sailed at 8 o'clock, and in an attempt to dodge interviewers the duke boarded the steamer about 1 o'clock this morning. But the newspaper men were still waiting for him.

"I am sorry I have no interview to give," he explained, "meet me at 8 o'clock. Yes, I know," he chuckled, "I stayed up late to escape this."

"Everything is all right," he added, "You must not believe anything sent from Washington. Miss Elkins' family has refrained from making a public statement and their silence has been misconstrued."

Despite the early hour at which the Lusitania sailed the duke was on deck to witness her departure. He tried to avoid interviewers.

From all reports it is evident the duke is on his way to Rome to secure King Victor Emmanuel's formal consent to his marriage and attend to all arrangements there. His leave of absence from his ship has almost expired, too, and this requires his hurried return to Italy. Present indications indicate that the wedding, if one takes place, will be held shortly after the Lenten season.

STOESSEL BEGINS TERM; GIVEN GOOD QUARTERS

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BILLS TO PASS PUT FORWARD BY PRESIDENT

Legislation Program for
Rest of Session
Agreed Upon at
White House.

House and Senate Lead-
ers Adopt Plans Urged
Before Them by
Executive.

At a conference held at the White House last night, followed by another today, in which the President discussed the legislative situation with a number of leaders in both Senate and House, the legislative program for the remainder of the session was tentatively arranged, so far as this is possible.

The President's insistence that the do-nothing policy of Congress must be dropped, is known to have been put in most vigorous form in the last two or three days. He is determined, according to his confidential advisers, that the session must not end with such a record of failure as will leave the Republican party at a disadvantage in the coming campaign. His urging, together with the realization by Congressional leaders that the political situation is becoming menacing to the party, have effected practical agreement on a scheme of legislation.

Secretary Loeb said at noon today that a memorandum concerning the work of the conferences would be given to the public later in the day. He declined to say what the memorandum would discuss, but from other sources it was learned that it will be a sort of itemizing of the measures that are to be pressed.

Measures to Be Passed.

These measures, whose passage is considered necessary before the end of the session, include:

A resolution providing for an investigation of the tariff, with a view to laying the results before a special session of Congress to be called in March 4, 1908, to revise the tariff downward.

Passage of an anti-injunction bill which will limit the powers of the minor Federal courts in the employment of the writ, probably along the lines of the Beveridge measure.

Passage of an employers' liability bill. Amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law so as to make important concessions to combinations of both capital and labor.

Passage of the Aldrich currency bill. With this much work done, the Administration thinks the party will be safe before the country.

Injunction Bill Opposed.

Of the items in this program, the Aldrich bill and the employers' liability bill are now considered pretty certain of success. The opposition to an anti-injunction bill is grumbling and dissatisfied, for it feels that any beginning of such a program will surely be followed later by further restriction of junction powers, and big and powerful interests earnestly protest against being turned over to the mercies of the state courts. However, it is believed, that an energetic effort will be made for this measure.

There is not entire agreement among the conference members as to the form in which the tariff revision shall be passed. Whether the investigation shall be made by experts from the departments or by a committee, or by a commission, including both, is yet to be determined. Messrs. Payne and Dabell, rulers of the Ways and Means Committee, were with the President for some time on the matter this forenoon, and it is stated that there has been assent to the general proposition of an investigation.

Sherman Law Amendment.

As to the legislation for the amendment of the Sherman law, it is stated pretty positively that Representative Hepburn will introduce this in the House Monday, and will have it referred to his committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. The bill is allowed to "simmer" for a while, that the country and the members of Congress may digest it and opinion concerning it may be crystallized by discussion.

Then it will be introduced in the Senate, Senator Knox having the preference he the man to present it, though it is possible that Senator Elkins or Senator Dooliver, both of whom are on the Interstate Commerce Committee, will be given the opportunity to attach his name to the measure.

President Low, of the Civic Federation, has promised a statement concerning the drafting, objects, and intents of the trust law revision measure, when that bill is presented. This statement will be awaited with the greatest interest, for it is recognized that of all the items in the program, this one is vastly the most important which may yet be considered in the balance.

Aldrich Gives Assent.

Senator Aldrich was among the President's callers today, and it is understood he has given his general assent to the program and undertaken to assist in carrying it out. From this time forth there will be great activity on Capitol Hill and at the White House. The executive offices were crowded from early morning till noon today, with Senators and Representatives, most of them, too, leaders in their respective houses.

Conferences about legislation were the order of the occasion, and agreement seems to have been reached that, rather than have the President get busy again with the big stick and make any nasty charges of incompetency against Congress, a healthful policy will dictate that the statesmen pass the laws he wants.

Don't be "out" to all of Times want ads. The "call on you" or "you'll be out of root."

Every Saturday and Sunday via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good return until Sunday night. All regular trains except the "Congressional Limited."

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